

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leq 2 \sup_{\mathbf{v} \in B'} \left\{ \int_{\mathbb{R}^{m+k}} \left| f_W(\mathbf{w} + \mathbf{v}) - f_W(\mathbf{w}) \right| d\mathbf{w} \right\} \\
&= 2 \sup_{\mathbf{v} \in B'} \left\{ \int_{\mathbb{R}^{m+k}} \left| \prod_{t=1}^{m+k} f_{Z_t}(z_t + \hat{v}_t) - \prod_{t=1}^{m+k} f_{Z_t}(z_t) \right| dz \right\} \\
&\leq 2M \sup_{\mathbf{v} \in B'} \left\{ \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} |\hat{v}_t| \right\}, \tag{14.58}
\end{aligned}$$

where it is understood in the final inequality (which is by **14.10**) that $|\hat{v}_t| \leq \delta$ where δ is defined in condition **14.9(a)**. The third equality substitutes $\hat{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{A}_{m+k}^{-1} \mathbf{v}$ and uses the fact that $\hat{v}_1 = 0$ if $v_1 = 0$ by lower triangularity of \mathbf{A}_{m+k} . For $\mathbf{v} \in B'$, note that

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} |\hat{v}_t| &= \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} \left| \sum_{j=0}^{t-m-1} \tau_j v_{t-j} \right| \\
&\leq \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} \left(\sum_{j=0}^{t-m-1} |\tau_j| \eta_{t-j} \right) \leq \left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} |\tau_j| \right) \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} \eta_t, \tag{14.59}
\end{aligned}$$

assuming η has been chosen with elements small enough that the terms in parentheses in the penultimate member do not exceed δ . This is possible by condition **14.9(c)**.

For the final step, choose r to be the largest order of absolute moment if this does not exceed 2, and the largest even integer moment, otherwise. Then

$$\begin{aligned}
P(E^c) &= P(|V_2| > \eta) \\
&= P\left(\bigcup_{t=m+1}^{m+k} \{|V_t| > \eta_t\} \right) \\
&\leq \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} P(|V_t| > \eta_t) \leq \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} E|V_t|^r \eta_t^{-r}, \tag{14.60}
\end{aligned}$$

by the Markov inequality, and

$$E|V_t|^r \leq \sup_s E|Z_s|^r G_t(r), \tag{14.61}$$

where $G_t(r)$ is given by (14.43), applying **11.15** for $r \leq 2$ (see (11.65) for the required extension) and Lemma **14.11** for $r > 2$. Substituting inequalities (14.58), (14.59), (14.60), and (14.61) into (14.56) yields

$$|P(G \cap H) - P(G)P(H)| \ll \sum_{t=m+1}^{m+k} (\eta_t + G_t(r) \eta_t^{-r}). \tag{14.62}$$